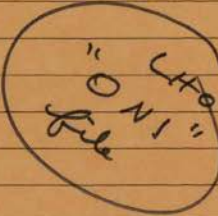


RACKETS DIVISION

| DATE | ACTION TAKEN | A. D. A. |
|------|--|----------|
| | <p>All this file does is to confirm that the fiction structured by the govt re "LHO - Communist" was well-completed by Nov 2nd, 1968.</p> <p>By & large this file appears to be pre-fabricated BS to me, & virtually useless.</p> <p>(□ Weisberg has indicated that there is material based about CWO was working for Belgium - at least after his return from Russia - but I have not located it thus far.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">JD</p> | |
| |  | |

LHO / ONI File

CHECK LIST FOR CLOSING FILES

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2. Closed in General Docket Book (Clerk's Office) ()
3. Index Card Closed. ()

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Date _____



DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

February 25, 1964

921 *APR 2/28/64*
921D
Act.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE

SUBJECT: Lee Harvey Oswald

The General Counsel, Department of Defense, has been designated to serve as liaison for the Department with the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy.

In this capacity, he has been requested by Mr. J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, President's Commission, to furnish the Commission with two copies of "all materials concerning Lee Harvey Oswald in the files of the Office of Naval Intelligence." As you will note from Mr. Rankin's letter, copy attached, the request specifically concerns a "record of inquiry" by naval intelligence "into Mr. Oswald's conduct upon his discharge from the USMC and his subsequent trip to the Soviet Union."

For your information, Mr. Oswald's Marine Corps personnel file, which is presently in the custody of this office, contains two references to documents that appear to be covered by Mr. Rankin's request. These are as follows:

- (1) "DIO, 9th ND confidential report serial 02049-E of 8 Jun 60."
- (2) "DIO, 9th ND confidential report serial 02296-E of 27 Jun 60."

It is requested that two copies of all the materials in question be prepared and forwarded to this office as soon as possible.

Frank A. Bartimo
Frank A. Bartimo
Assistant General Counsel
(Manpower)

Attachment

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN, Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHEARMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel

FEB 18 1964

Honorable John T. McNaughton
General Counsel of the Department of Defense
Washington, 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. McNaughton:

The copy of the military records of Lee Harvey Oswald, which you sent to this Commission on January 15, 1964, does not appear to include any record of inquiry into his case by the Office of Naval Intelligence. However, the Commission is advised that the Office of Naval Intelligence did inquire into Mr. Oswald's conduct upon his discharge from the USMC and his subsequent trip to the Soviet Union.

The Commission would appreciate being furnished two copies of all materials concerning Lee Harvey Oswald in the files of the Office of Naval Intelligence and any additional information on Mr. Oswald in the files of any other department, agency, office, or organization, under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense.

I will be happy to discuss with you any question of security which may arise in connection with this request.

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Sincerely,

SIGNED

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

GC 4372

Federal Bureau of Investigation

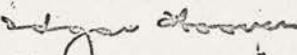
JAN 1 1964

Director of Naval Intelligence
Department of the Navy
The Pentagon
Washington, D. C. 20350

Dear Sir:

For your information, I am enclosing
communications which may be of interest to you.

Very truly yours,


John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enc.

(Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any,
this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

7.31E 1000
7.31E 1000
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Copy to:

Report of JAMES F. MORRISSEY
Date 12/4/63

Office: Washington, D.C.

Field Office File # 105-37111

Bureau File # 105-82555

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

CONFIDENTIAL INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Synopsis

Interview set forth of JOHN E. DONOVAN, former section commander of subject when both in MACS-9, USMC, March, 1959, to September, 1959. OSWALD described as wise guy, trouble maker, officer-baiter, revolver against authority, felt he was one of few actually aware of world affairs. Attitude, however, never resulted in any official administrative action against him according to DONOVAN. OSWALD dependable on assignments, remained to himself during slack periods reading and studying. Fellow officer who knew subject reported to DONOVAN that subject was out of his mind, a nut on politics. Stewardess who dated OSWALD told DONOVAN subject real nut. OSWALD's assignment with MACS-9 gave him access to secret radio frequencies, call signs and codes which were compromised and changed at time of his defection. Other military knowledge available to OSWALD in same position set forth. Interview of Mrs. SYLVIA HOKE, sister of RUTH PAINE, set forth. PAINE visited HOKE around last Labor Day, indicated her plan to pick up subject's wife, MARINA, in New Orleans; told HOKE that MARINA wanted to leave subject since he was not supporting the family. Subject described as "jerk."

- p -

1 JAN 1984

WFO 105-37111

DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D.C.

Interview of JOHN E. DONOVAN, Former
U.S. Marine Corps Section Commander
of LEE HARVEY OSWALD During the
Period March, 1959, to September, 1959

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/4/63

JOHN E. DONOVAN, 2009 Belmont Road, N.W., Washington, D.C., a physics instructor at Ascension Academy, Alexandria, Virginia, advised that as a U.S. Marine Corps Officer he was Section Commander of LEE HARVEY OSWALD during the period March to September, 1959. Both were attached to the Counter Air Operations Center (CAOC) with Marine Air Control Squadron 9 (MACS-9), U.S. Marine Corps (USMC), Santa Ana, California. OSWALD was a Private and DONOVAN was the Assistant Operations Officer. DONOVAN described OSWALD as a wise guy who went out of his way to annoy people; as revolting against any kind of authority and through this attitude expelled himself from society. OSWALD felt he was one of a minority who actually knew what was happening in world affairs, particularly in the field of politics. OSWALD was an officer-baiting troublemaker who used his superior knowledge of world political situations to trap unwary officers.

DONOVAN said OSWALD was dependable on watch during his performance of duties with the CAOC crew such as radar scanning operations. He believed OSWALD's position would be classified as Operations Man in an MACS unit. DONOVAN's association with OSWALD was generally on a daily basis and while both assigned to the CAOC, MACS-9, on the West Coast. DONOVAN mentioned that in slack periods, OSWALD rarely associated with other members of the crew, spent time reading history books, magazines and a Russian newspaper, name unknown. OSWALD also studied the Russian language. DONOVAN said that although OSWALD was an officer baiter, he was never directly insulting to same although they sensed that he held them in little esteem for the most part. DONOVAN never had nor did he know of any trouble in his association with OSWALD which required administrative action, such that it would be noted in his record. DONOVAN stated that some of the men actually liked and respected OSWALD because he was able to back up some of his officer-baiting accomplishments with studied knowledge of the facts in the political problem or historical question which he used to bait his trap.

On 12/3/63 at Alexandria, Virginia File # WFO 105-37111
by SA JAMES F. MORRISSEY:elw Date dictated 12/4/63

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WFO 105-137111

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DONOVAN believed OSWALD had a very high IQ, was a self-educated man and well read, especially in the fields of political world affairs. DONOVAN said that OSWALD thus presented the anomaly of a 20 year old Marine Corps Private with an extensive knowledge and maturing interest in world affairs and politics.

DONOVAN stated that a fellow officer, WILLIAM TRAIL, told him that TRAIL was Officer of the Day in Japan when OSWALD got into trouble there over his having been drunk and cursing out a Sergeant, and not an officer as reported in a December 2, 1963, article in the Washington, D.C., "Evening Star" newspaper reporting an interview of DONOVAN. TRAIL, knowing OSWALD was going into DONOVAN's outfit, warned the latter that OSWALD was a talker and out of his mind. In explanation of this last remark, DONOVAN said that TRAIL explained that OSWALD was a nut on politics, felt this was meant by TRAIL rather than any mental instability. DONOVAN also stated that he dated an airline stewardess, found out from her that she had also dated OSWALD on a few occasions. The stewardess told DONOVAN OSWALD was a real nut. DONOVAN conjectured that stewardess' remark might have been due to the fact that OSWALD, all wrapped up in political theory, may have expounded on same and to her was a poor and odd date.

DONOVAN also said that when OSWALD requested a hardship discharge in September of 1959 to assist his mother financially, OSWALD turned down the offer of other men in the group to help.

DONOVAN knew of no mental instability on the part of OSWALD.

DONOVAN related that OSWALD's position with the CAOC crew gave him access to all secret radio frequencies, call signs, and authentication codes utilized in connection with the normal functions of the CAOC. Since they were compromised, they were changed at the time of OSWALD's defection to Moscow. In connection also with the normal effective operational functioning of his position, OSWALD

WFO 105-37111

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also knew the displacement of most military squadrons of all services on the West Coast, the number and type aircraft of all services on the West Coast, the ranges and locations of radar control sites of all services on the West Coast, and knew the practical effective ranges as distinguished from theoretical or book ranges on all radar sets in the USMC. DONOVAN stated that OSWALD's position required a secret clearance, that access to the location in which they operated was gained by presentation of appropriate credentials to the guard on duty.

DONOVAN stated that OSWALD never actually presented his political views regarding this country or Russia. DONOVAN stated that he knew nothing about a statement in the Washington, D.C., newspaper "Evening Star" article previously referred to which reported him as knowing about a court martial for OSWALD on not reporting that OSWALD owned a pistol. He said he did not know where the reporter obtained this information for he knew nothing of any interest in guns on the part of OSWALD.

DONOVAN stated that the following persons would know OSWALD well:

1. ROBERT BLOCK, USMC, presently with MACS-9 at Santa Ana, California. BLOCK was Operations Officer during the period DONOVAN was Assistant Operations Officer of CAOC, MACS-9, and as such was OSWALD's over-all superior.
2. CAMELIUS (phonetic) BROWN, a Negro Staff Sergeant, USMC, believed to be stationed at the Helicopter Base, New River, North Carolina, with MACS-5, or can be located through Camp Lejeune. BROWN was OSWALD's crew chief part-time when both were with MACS-9.
3. EUGENE HOLMBERG (or HOLMBURG), Warrant Officer, USMC, presently an Airborne Radar Observer with the USMC F4H Squadron in the San Diego area. HOLMBERG was then Staff Sergeant and also a crew chief of OSWALD with MACS-9.

105-137111

4. WILLIAM K. TRAIL, South Eberhardt Street, Illinois, employed by North American Insurance Chicago, as claims adjuster. TRAIL was a former USMC. DONOVAN believed TRAIL and OSWALD both on MACS-1, Atsugi, Japan, probably from 1957, to January, 1959, and that TRAIL should have met OSWALD in Japan.

5. OWEN DEJANOVICH (phonetic), formerly of the same crew with OSWALD at MACS-9 and also lived in barracks area as OSWALD. DEJANOVICH was living in Chicago and DONOVAN believed that he could be reached from the Chicago phone book.

DONOVAN suggested DEJANOVICH be interviewed as a Marine whose name DONOVAN could only recall when he described as a short football player. MACS would readily recall. DONOVAN pointed out his sister, whose first name was ROSE, was an wardress who dated OSWALD once or twice and who was described herein. DONOVAN believed that because OSWALD to his sister, doubted that he perform such an action if there was anything OSWALD in any respect.

WFO 105- 37111

Interview of Mrs. SYLVIA HOKE,
5421 Waneta Road,
Glen Echo Heights, Maryland,
Sister of Mrs. RUTH PAINE

It will be recalled that LEE HARVEY OSWALD's wife, MARINA, was residing with a RUTH PAINE at time of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

On November 29, 1963, Mrs. EMMETT DIAMOND, Grand Prairie, Texas, advised she was acquainted with relatives of RUTH PAINE; that one of these relatives was a sister, SYLVIA HOKE, 5421 Waneta Road, Glen Echo Heights, Washington, D.C.

Date 12/4/63

Mrs. SYLVIA HOKE, 5421 Waneta Road, Glen Echo Heights, Maryland, advised that she is a sister of RUTH PAINE of Irving, Texas. She said that RUTH visited her home just prior to last Labor Day or the end of August for about three days. RUTH mentioned at that time that she intended to go to New Orleans within the following few weeks to pick up a Russian wife of an American who was expecting a second child and was taking her to live with her in Texas. As explanation at the time to Mrs. HOKE, RUTH indicated that MARINA wanted to leave her husband at the time, that he was not supporting the family, and was, in Mrs. HOKE's words, gathered from RUTH that OSWALD was a "jerk" as far as his husband role was concerned. Mrs. HOKE said that her sister's action on behalf of MARINA was an act of kindness on her part to a person having no one to whom to turn. Mrs. HOKE did not know how her sister knew the OSWALDs, could only speculate that it was probably through mutual acquaintances.

Mrs. HOKE said that she never met OSWALD, said RUTH mentioned that he had been to Russia, intended to stay there, had subsequently returned to the U.S. She said she knew nothing about OSWALD's politics.

Mrs. HOKE said that she subsequently received a letter from RUTH after her visit in which she indicated that MARINA was then living with her, that she was enjoying her company.

Mrs. HOKE said that she did not recognize OSWALD's name at first in news accounts but as the description of MARINA and her connection with Irving, Texas, evolved, she realized reference was being made to the same girl living with her sister. She accordingly telephoned RUTH and verified this and inquired about her sister's welfare. She said that her sister had nothing to add other than to verify that MARINA was the person involved and that they were well.

She said she also had a card from RUTH announcing the birth at the time of MARINA's second child.

On 12/3/63 at Glen Echo Heights, Maryland File # WFO 105-37111

by SA JAMES F. MORRISSEY:elw Date dictated 12/4/63

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Mrs. HOKE said RUTH was going to sell her story to "Life" magazine but this apparently did not pan out. Mrs. HOKE said her sister would probably look after MARINA's welfare, at least for the present, since MARINA to her knowledge only had RUTH to assist her financially.

Mrs. Oswald Picks New York Lawyer To Defend Her Son

FORT WORTH, Jan. 14 (UPI)—The mother of Lee H. Oswald, announced today she had retained a lawyer to defend her son before the Presidential Commission investigating President Kennedy's assassination.

Appealing for people to "come forward and help prove that my son is not guilty," Mrs. Marguerite Oswald said Mark Lane of New York had agreed to represent her son.

Mrs. Oswald, a 36-year-old practical nurse, said Mr. Lane visited her home here last weekend and told her not to worry about a fee.

She said she was living on contributions from "people who are interested in justice" and \$862 she had collected on an insurance policy on her son.

Speaking to newsmen in her home, Mrs. Oswald said:

"I know there are many people who may have information about this case—people who can help prove that my son is not guilty. I pray that anyone who has information or who wanted to help will write to Mr. Lane or contact me."

Mrs. Oswald said again that she planned to write a book about her son, who was shot and killed two days after the assassination by Jack Ruby, a Dallas night club operator.

Mrs. Oswald said she had not seen her son's widow, Marina, who has remained in seclusion under Secret Service protection since the assassination.

She said a Secret Service man called last night and asked if she would like to talk to her daughter-in-law on the phone.

"I gave him a message for my

daughter-in-law, but I haven't heard from her," Mrs. Oswald said.

Confirmed by Lane

Mr. Lane confirmed here yesterday that he had accepted Mrs. Oswald's offer to serve as attorney without fee for her son.

Rankin's Position

Speed to Hear the Two Men

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12—J. Lee Rankin, counsel of the Warren Commission, has said the group had no intention of appointing a lawyer to act in Oswald's behalf. "The commission is not engaged in determining the guilt of anybody," Mr. Rankin said over the weekend.

It was noted here that it would be up to the commission to decide later whether it wanted to hear from Mr. Lane during the inquiry.

NEW YORK TIMES

1/15/64

MOTHER RECALLS PLEA ON OSWALD

Cites '61 Appeal to Kennedy
on Locating Son in Soviet

By JACK LANGGUTH

Special to The New York Times
FORT WORTH, Tex., Dec. 6

Mrs. Marguerite Oswald revealed today that she appealed to President Kennedy in 1961 for assistance in making contact with her son in the Soviet Union.

Mrs. Oswald, who held a news conference here, said that she went to Washington soon after President Kennedy's inauguration, seeking information about Lee H. Oswald.

She spoke to neither the President nor Secretary of State Dean Rusk, Mrs. Oswald said, but she was referred to a high-ranking State Department officer who set up a conference for her with other officials.

Three weeks later, she said, she received her son's address from the State Department, the first indication she had had since Nov. 1960, that he was still alive. Oswald was a Marxist who had defected to the Soviet Union, where he stayed for two and one-half years.

He was arrested last Nov. 22 and charged with the assassination of President Kennedy in Dallas. He was shot two days later in the Dallas city jail by Jack Ruby, a night club owner.

Criticizes Court System

During her long and rambling narrative today, Mrs. Oswald was also sharply critical of the New York City juvenile court system, which she said held truants from school in custody alongside of "hardened criminals."

Mrs. Oswald, a 36-year-old registered nurse, professed faith in her son's innocence throughout the press conference. But she acknowledged that her earlier statement "might" imply that "my son was guilty."

She had complained in interviews during the week that her son, as a defector, should have been kept under surveillance during the President's trip to Dallas.

"It's simple to me," she said, explaining her seeming inconsistency. "Maybe it's not simple to everybody."

Mrs. Oswald said she assumed that her son had psychiatric counseling in New York, although she had no direct knowledge of it.

She brought the boy, then almost 11, to New York in the fall of 1952.

"This is a very, very sad story," she said as she told about his truancy.

"Lee was in the Bronx Zoo when a transit officer picked him up. I found out that New York was different from Texas, that they don't tolerate a day or two out of school. But Lee promised he'd never do it again. After two more trunancies, Mrs. Oswald said, she was notified to appear in Children's Court.

She hardly knew what was going on," she said. "My boy, right then and there, was taken away. I didn't see my boy again."

She described visiting him shortly afterward in a New York boys' home.

"He said to me, 'Get me out of here,'" Mrs. Oswald recounted. "I am in here with children who have stabbed people, who have killed people with guns."

"And he had only been picked up for missing school," Mrs. Oswald said unsteadily.

She engaged a lawyer, whose name she did not remember, who told her, she said, that it was "prevalent for authorities to want to send your boy to a farm to work to pay for the taxes of the state of New York."

Mrs. Oswald said that her son remained there, or four weeks in the institution and then was remanded to her custody by a judge.

Recalls Probation Officer

"That's when Mr. John Carro comes into the picture," she said. "He was a probation officer, and he said, 'Lee, you'll have to report to me every week.'"

"I said, 'Mr. Carro, my son is not going to report to you. He's no criminal. He's given his word that it's not going to happen again. The first time he doesn't keep his word, then he'll report to you.'"

"I was not going to have a boy of that age and that caliber going to a probation officer," Mrs. Oswald said. She said that the probation officer was annoyed by her attitude and "certainly made it hard on my son in school—he kept pushing to get him back to the farm."

Later a "Big Brother," whom she could not identify, advised her to take her son back to New Orleans, she said.

She said she "never had any trouble with Lee" after following this advice.

Records indicate that his school attendance in Louisiana was irregular in the following years, however. He quit school when he was 16 to work as a messenger on the New Orleans docks and as a runner for a New Orleans dental laboratory.

Oswald attended less than one month of high school in Fort Worth in September, 1956, before enlisting in the Marine Corps at the age of 17.

Before the news conference began, at the Fort Worth Press Club, a telephoned threat on Mrs. Oswald's life was received. Fort Worth policemen escorted her to the press conference and screened reporters but there were no incidents. She had not previously received threatening calls or letters.

Mrs. Oswald dwelt at length on the conditions surrounding her son's discharge from the Marines. She pointed out that he had been classified as unfit only after he defected to Russia.

Because his discharge as unfit was sent to him by registered mail while he was in

the Soviet Union, she contended that he had not actually received such a discharge.

She also raised the question of the assassination rifle, which police investigators say Oswald ordered from a Chicago mail order house.

The gun he had purchased was in a blanket in the garage in Irving, where his wife was staying," Mrs. Oswald said. "He did not hide it in his Dallas apartment. Anybody had access to that gun, anybody."

Poses 'Logical Story'

Hearing the shots on the day of the assassination, her son had become panic-stricken since he knew that, as a defector, he would be questioned concerning any violence, Mrs. Oswald speculated.

"He goes to get a gun to protect himself," Mrs. Oswald said. "That's not far-fetched to me."

"I'm not saying this is a true story," she said, "only that it's a logical story."

Describing her trip to Washington, Mrs. Oswald said she had borrowed \$120 on her life insurance holdings and had taken an overnight train to the capital.

"I arrived at 8 A.M. and called the White House and asked to speak to President Kennedy," Mrs. Oswald said. She continued:

"A man was very nice to me and said the switchboard wasn't open, but they'd have his office call me. I explained that I had just gotten off the train."

"I freshened up and then I went back on the telephone and asked to speak to Dean Rusk. I spoke to his personal secretary. Everybody was most polite, most helpful."

"She asked that I stay on the line and then she put through a Mr. Roster, who said he remembered my son's case and would make an appointment with me for 11 A.M."

"I told him I still wanted to see Secretary of State Rusk, but if I couldn't, I'd see him at 11."

Results "Satisfactory"

"I had arrived at 8 A.M. and by 11 A.M. I was sitting with four high State Department officials. The results were very satisfactory."

"They found his address. I started to write to him and he wrote me beautiful letters from Russia."

Mrs. Oswald was asked if she believed she had failed her son. "I do not. I have not failed him. The failing was in the human society for not helping a mother with three children."

Mrs. Oswald, twice divorced and once widowed, had two sons older than Lee.

She granted that she had not seen any of her sons often after they grew up.

"I'm not the type of mother that children come home to," she said. "I don't have the rooms or the income for a visit."

"I wanted to be home with my children. And I told each of them that it was important that their wives did not work after they were married, and none of my sons' wives have."

Mrs. Oswald said that she would not remove her son's body from its plot in Rose Hill Cemetery here.

Officials of the cemetery have suggested cremation because of threats that have been received against the body and the grave. The Fort Worth police chief has estimated that guards for the grave are costing city taxpayers \$3,600 a month.

New York Times
Dec 6

Marina Still Held By FBI; Lane Hired By Oswald Mother

By GEORGE MORRIS

AFTER SEVEN WEEKS under protective custody and enforced isolation from any persons but Secret Service, FBI agents and her "business manager," Lee Harvey Oswald's widow, Marina, is ready to appear as the star witness against her husband later this month when called before the Warren Commission probing the assassination of President Kennedy.

The announcement came not from Marina Oswald but from Jim Martin, her mysterious "business manager," who appeared on the scene by recommendation of the Secret Service.

Meanwhile Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, mother of the slain accused killer, announced she had engaged Mark Lane to defend her son before the Warren Commission. Confirming the announcement, Lane said he would serve without pay.

Martin has in the past week blossomed out with daily statements on behalf of Marina, declaring, as reported by the N.Y. Times Dallas correspondent, Jack Lunguth, that even if a jury found Oswald innocent "her opinion would be unchanged."

Moreover, she insists that Oswald fired on Gen. Edwin Walker last April, although ballistic tests in Washington disproved that theory. And Martin added that Marina will remain in seclusion under Secret Service and FBI guard until the Warren Committee makes its report. Lee Rankin, counsel of the Warren Committee, indicated that the probe may take as long as six months.

EVERY EFFORT to interview Mrs. Oswald — by the Dallas Civil Liberties Union, by former N.Y. Assemblyman Mark Lane who went to Dallas, and by the N.Y. Times — were rejected by Martin, presumably in her behalf.

She also refuses to see her mother-in-law, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, and Ruth Paine, the woman who took her into her home in Irving Tex., and cared for her when she gave birth

while Lee Oswald was living in Dallas.

Why is Marina Oswald held incommunicado? We have asked this question repeatedly since Dec. 17. Is it because what she had to tell could prove embarrassing to the FBI, Secret Service and Dallas police, who so miserably neglected protection for the President? Does she have evidence that could implicate others and thereby refute the FBI's and Dallas police conclusions that Oswald was guilty and alone? Does she have evidence to back the mounting material pointing to a link between Oswald and U.S. undercover agencies? (See the photo-stats on pages 6 and 7.)

It now appears that Marina Oswald is even overeager to give the testimony the FBI and Secret Service want. She promises to scream her husband is guilty even if a probe acquits him. For good measure, she will even say Lee Oswald shot at Walker. So said Jim Martin to the New York Times.

This extra zeal on the part of Mrs. Marina Oswald to oblige the FBI and Secret Service is matched only by the crudeness of the entire arrangement to isolate her — a crudeness that wouldn't be acceptable for a grade B movie.

And if the Warren Commission takes her story at its face value without a real effort to get the full truth out of her, the entire affair will be reduced to a farce unrivaled in history.

In that respect, of serious concern to all who lay hope on a full and uninfluenced investigation by the Warren Commission, is the announcement by Rankin that the plan is to rely on the regular investigatory instruments of the government (like the FBI, Secret Service and CIA) and that there is to be no provision for defense of Oswald as had been suggested by prominent attorneys, among them Percy Foreman of Houston, head of the Defense Attorneys Association of America.

Mr. Lane offered to undertake such defense, but only received

(Continued on page 10)

FF

John Walker
1/19/64

Marina Still an FBI Captive

(Continued from page 2)

a promise that his brief, raising many doubts on the evidence against Oswald, will be taken into consideration.

THERE WILL be no attorney in defense of Oswald in the Warren hearings who could possibly cross-examine witnesses of the Dallas Police, FBI and Secret Service. The question is not only whether Oswald as an individual was guilty. As Percy Foreman stated over a TV program, it is a matter of concern to all Americans to get at the truth in the manner provided in court procedures.

The overwhelming majority of Americans, as the polls indicated, were sorry for the murder of Oswald not so much for his individual right to have a trial, as because of their belief that in a trial more of the truth would come out. Large numbers were even doubtful of his guilt, and even larger numbers doubted the FBI and Dallas Police conclusion that he was alone.

Numerous questions remain unanswered. Was Oswald an undercover agent for the CIA or the FBI that sought to recruit him? Much evidence has appeared to support that contention. If that is proven, it would still not prove Oswald guilty or alone in the crime. There has been much competent opinion, and especially from European newsmen who were on the scene, that the assassination was well planned and not the deed of amateurs.

Where would the planners look for a "fall guy" if not through their notoriously numerous contacts in the FBI, secret services and Dallas police and their stables of paid informers and provocateurs? Is it not well known that the rash of ultra-rightist organizations, some like the Minutemen who boast they bear arms, even machineguns, and the Birchites, Rockwell's Nazi Party and the Nationalist Party, have a relatively higher percentage of support among military and police forces than among other sections of the population. Many of them have top military men in leadership.

Oswald may have been an undercover agent for the U.S. and not necessarily guilty, or even fully aware of the plans. He may have been used like the drugged and witless Van Der

Lube who was used by Hitlerites to set the Reichstag on fire in 1933, and then labeled a Dutch Communist.

By the same token, men in the FBI, CIA or Dallas police apparatus could have been involved in the conspiracy, but without the knowledge of the authorities of their organizations.

There were a number of such possibilities and it appears that the Warren Commission is looking into them. The Wall Street Journal of January 10 says in its report from Washington that the Warren commission "asks federal agencies to comb their files for any mention of Lee Oswald or Jack Ruby. Even the Securities and Exchange Commission gets the word."

Unless the Warren Commission does get at the bottom of the plot to kill Kennedy the "Next" project, as suggested in "The Rockwell Report" (see photostate on page 6) may be attempted.

THE CYNICISM surrounding the seclusion of Marina Oswald was well shown in a letter in Russian, said to be the only direct word from her, in which she rejected an effort by the Dallas Civil Liberties Union to interview her to determine whether her rights are respected. She replied that she is fully satisfied.

She wrote, "I don't think you have anything to worry about. What you read in the newspapers — everything is correct. I don't object to the Secret Service. I am only grateful for their time."

She will see people "when I am ready" continued her letter adding "I also give much time to visits with the FBI."

She concluded "I repeat, I am in as good a position as one can expect me to be after what has happened."

Jim Martin, who knows no Russian, certainly thinks she is in a "good position." With the fund for her from unrevoked sources already above \$20,000, he figures it may yield her as much as \$1,500 annually plus the \$125 monthly social security.

Was Dallas Police or Jack Ruby for the death of her husband? Marina Oswald will do no such thing, Martin told the Times.

"She has this feeling that her husband killed the President," said Martin. "When the law suits are proposed to her she says let sleeping dogs lie."

"That's not her expression. She hadn't learned that much

English yet," Martin hastened to explain. "But she's convinced he is guilty even though she cared for him."

According to the N.Y. Times, Marina Oswald went so far as to tell Martin "she has no ill will towards anyone including her husband's slayer Jack Ruby."

MARINA OSWALD'S situation is quite understandable. At 22 and still unable to speak English, she is the mother of a two-year old and two-month old child. When the assassination occurred, the Secret Service and FBI secretly lodged them in a motel Jim Martin managed. It was there, on the advice of the Secret Service, that she picked Martin as "business advisor." He immediately picked a lawyer for her and everything has been well in hand since.

"With Oswald in his grave and Mrs. Oswald in as good a position as one can expect" there is only the question of Jack Ruby's "rights." And it seems that a champion for those rights has come forward in the person of Robert Morris, former chief counsel for the Senate's Eastland Committee on Internal Security, who is running for the U.S. Senate in Texas.

With anti-communism his platform, this ultra-right candidate now fears for Jack Ruby's rights because Chief Justice Earl Warren is head of the commission probing the assassination. If Ruby is convicted and appeals says Morris, lawyers could "justifiably" claim that Warren "would influence the other eight justices."

In California, meanwhile, the Kennedy assassination led to an announcement by Attorney General Mosk that he will sponsor a law banning the Minutemen and other private military arm-bearing groups. Robert DePugh of Norbenna, Mo., who heads the Minutemen, brags 29,000 members nationally. Troy Houghton, California coordinator, says the outfit has 3,000 members in that state. But he says a state law wouldn't affect them, because they each carry arms "as individuals" and it would be unconstitutional to bar them from owning weapons for "their own protection" from "communism."

"The members of these groups are paranoid in their fear of Communism, in their distrust of American institutions and in their desire to possess all varieties of firearms from pistols to machine guns," said Mosk of California's stormtroopers.

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET
OPNAV FORM 5210-33 (REV. 1-55)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (When filled in)

DATE PREPARED: 16 January 1964

PREPARED BY: NCISC-32/ss

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ALSO KNOWN AS:

IDENTIFYING DATA: FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan 15 (AP) - A New York lawyer has agreed to represent Lee Harvey Oswald, accused assassin of President Kennedy, and will try to prove him not guilty, his mother says.

ORIGIN OF REPORT: The Evening Star

SERIAL NUMBER:

SUBJECT OF REPORT: Mark Lane

DATE OF REPORT: 15 January 1964

CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified

ONI ROUTING SLIP NO.

EVENTUAL FILING: F5

041000

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET
OPNAV FORM 5210-32 (REV. 1-55)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (When filled in)

DATE PREPARED: 17 January 1964

PREPARED BY: NCISC-32/ss

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ALSO KNOWN AS:

IDENTIFYING DATA: See report for details

ORIGIN OF REPORT: FBI

SERIAL NUMBER: 105-126128

SUBJECT OF REPORT: Ruth Hyde Paine; Michael Ralph Paine

DATE OF REPORT: 10 January 1964

CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified

ROUTING SLIP NO.

EVENTUAL FILING: F5

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET
OPNAV FORM 5210-33 (REV. 1-55)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (When filled in)

DATE PREPARED: 17 January 1964

PREPARED BY: NCISC-32/SE

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ALSO KNOWN AS:

IDENTIFYING DATA: See report for details

ORIGIN OF REPORT: FBI

SERIAL NUMBER: 105-126129

SUBJECT OF REPORT: Michael Ralph Paine; Ruth Hyde Paine

DATE OF REPORT: 10 January 1964

CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified

ONI ROUTING SLIP NO.

EVENTUAL FILING: F5

0-11936

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET
OPNAV FORM 3210-33 (REV. 1-55)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (When filled in) / KK

DATE PREPARED: 15 January 1964

PREPARED BY: NCISC-32/ss

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ALSO KNOWN AS:

IDENTIFYING DATA: At approximately 8:45 a.m., December 19, 1963, Lloyd John Wilson telephonically contacted a Chicago newspaper to advise that he was then in the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) building at Chicago, Illinois, and planned to surrender himself to the FBI because of his involvement in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. Immediately thereafter, Wilson was intercepted by FBI agents as he was preparing to enter the Chicago Office of that agency.

ORIGIN OF REPORT: FBI

SERIAL NUMBER:

SUBJECT OF REPORT: Lloyd John Wilson

DATE OF REPORT: 19 December 1963

CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified

ONI ROUTING SLIP NO.

EVENTUAL FILING: F5

0-18886

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

UNCLASSIFIED

129p12

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET
OPNAV FORM 5210-33 (REV. 1-53)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (When filled in)

DATE PREPARED: 22 January 1964
PREPARED BY: NCISC-32/ss
SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
ALSO KNOWN AS:

IDENTIFYING DATA: See report for details

ORIGIN OF REPORT: FBI
SERIAL NUMBER: 105-56733
SUBJECT OF REPORT: Ruth Paine

DATE OF REPORT: 16 December 1963

CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified

ONI ROUTING SLIP NO.

EVENTUAL FILING: FS

021814

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
105-56733 (When filled in)

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET
OPNAV FORM 5210-33 (REV. 1-55)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (When filled in)

DATE PREPARED: 22 January 1964

PREPARED BY: NCISC-32/ss

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

ALSO KNOWN AS: ✓

IDENTIFYING DATA:

See report for details

ORIGIN OF REPORT: FBI

SERIAL NUMBER: 105-1716

SUBJECT OF REPORT: Ruth Hyde Paine

DATE OF REPORT: 13 December 1963

CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified

ONI ROUTING SLIP NO.

EVENTUAL FILING: F5

0-1234

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(When filled in)

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET
OPNAV FORM 3210-32 (REV. 1-55)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (When filled in)

DATE PREPARED: 13 Jan 64

PREPARED BY: NCISC-32/Sandrik

SUBJECT: WILLIAM MORRIS DEAN, inmate, North Carolina Prison Department, Blanch, North Carolina, was interviewed on Dec 5, 1963, at which time he advised he was formerly an inmate at the Florida Penitentiary, Raiford, Florida. He stated while at Raiford, he was the cellmate of John (Jack) FREEMAN for 1 year. DEAN stated when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was involved in an affray in New Orleans, Louisiana, last spring he recalls FREEMAN had a radio and listened to the broadcast for New Orleans about the pro-CASTRO group in that city and their activities. FREEMAN made the statement that OSWALD was "his buddy" and that he belonged to the same outfit as OSWALD. FREEMAN also made the statement that President KENNEDY would be killed before his term was up and it would occur in Texas.

SEE FILE FOR DETAILS

ORIGIN OF REPORT: FBI (Charlotte, North Carolina)

SERIAL NUMBER: none

SUBJECT OF REPORT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

DATE OF REPORT: 9 Dec 63

CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED

ONE ROUTING SLIP NO. NONE

EVENTUAL FILING: -P-5 (JOHN W. ERMIL FREEMAN)

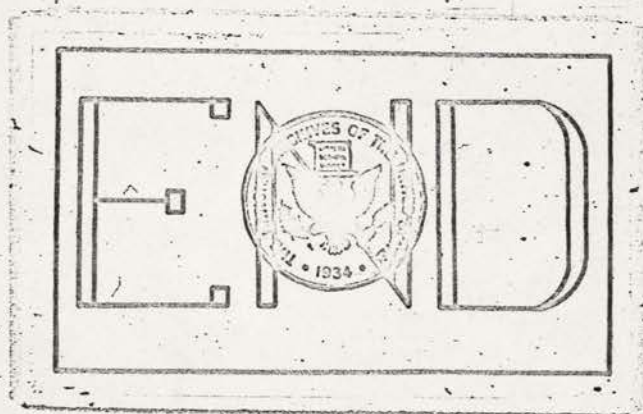
021836

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(When filled in)

100012 2 JAN 1964

See CD 138, p. 3



DL 100-10461

with Mr. OSWALD who apparently drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions. They had numerous complaints from the other tenants due to OSWALD's drinking and beating his wife.

II. CONNECTIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY

On September 28, 1962 Dallas confidential informant T-1 advised that LEE H. OSWALD, who at that time resided at 2703 Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas, was a subscriber to The Worker, an East Coast communist newspaper.

On April 21, 1963 Dallas confidential informant T-2 advised that LEE H. OSWALD of Dallas, Texas, was in contact with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee in New York City at which time he advised that he passed out pamphlets for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. According to T-2, OSWALD had a placard around his neck reading, "Hands Off Cuba Viva Fidel".

1.

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening in Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the afore-mentioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. However, during the past year this source observed there has been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that today their influence is negligible.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that the National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in Room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City. According to this source, the position of National Office Director was created in the Fall of 1962 and was filled by VINCENT "Ted" LEE, who now formulates FPCC policy. This source observed LEE has followed a course of entertaining and accepting the cooperation of many other organizations including the CP and the SWP when he has felt it would be to his personal benefit as well as the FPCC's. However, LEE has indicated to this source he has no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. LEE feels the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations, but not support the Cuban revolution per se.

The CP and the SWP have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New Orleans, Louisiana

September 24, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Reference Letterhead memorandum dated
9/24/63 at New Orleans

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: JAMES P. HOSTY, JR.
Date: 9/10/63

Office: DALLAS

Field Office File No.: Dallas 100-10461

Bureau File No.: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R

REC'D
SEP 20 1963
DESK

Synopsis:

Subject subscriber to The Worker while resident of Fort Worth, Texas. Subject reportedly drank to excess and beat his wife on numerous occasions. Subject presently residing and working in New Orleans, Louisiana.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUNDA. Residence and Employment

Mr. JESSIE JAMES GARNER, 4909 Magazine Court, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on August 5, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA, have occupied the apartment at 4905 Magazine, New Orleans since June 1963.

Mrs. MARY BERTUCCI, Personnel Secretary, William Reilly Coffee Company, 640 Magazine Street, New Orleans, advised on August 5, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD has been employed as a maintenance man at that company since May 15, 1963.

B. Miscellaneous

On March 11, 1963 Mrs. M. F. TOBIAS, apartment manager, 602 Elsbeth, Dallas, Texas, advised on March 3, 1963 that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife MARINA moved from that apartment building to 214 West Nealey Street in Dallas, Texas. Mrs. TOBIAS advised they had considerable difficulty



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas
September 10, 1963

Title LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference report of SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR.,
dated 9/10/63 at Dallas.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OP-921B2/was
SER 09500F92

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (UNCLASSIFIED) ~~EXCLUDED~~ of enclosures

3 JAN 1963

FROM: DIRECTOR OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE

TO: CDR E. I. CARSON
Navy Discharge Review Board
Navy Annex, Rm E617

SUBJ: EX-PFC Lee Harvey OSWALD, USMC, 1653230 (U)

REF: (a) Telegram between CDR CARSON/ENS HAZELTON on 27 Dec 1962

ENCL: (1) ONI Conf Case History File, same subj
Supplemental

ADDITIONAL 475 612

1. ENCLOSURE (1) is

FORWARDED FOR information.

2. The nature of the information forwarded herewith is such that its existence, source, and content, including the names of all informants, must be carefully safeguarded. It shall be shown only to those persons whose official duties require access thereto. If the enclosure covers an investigation of an individual, the information shall not be shown to the subject, nor shall Naval Intelligence or any other contributing agency be mentioned in connection with any action taken on the basis of the information. This material is not to be forwarded outside of the command of the addressee, nor shall any portion of the enclosed material be reproduced or removed from this file.

3. Return of this material within thirty (30) days is requested. It should be returned directly to the Director of Naval Intelligence (Op-921) by endorsement, or by separate letter, reflecting cognizance of and any action taken based on this information.

P. W. Palmer
P. W. PALMER
By direction

OP-921 TRANSMITTAL
OPNAV FORM 5521-21 (REV. 5-61)

2-48724